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FIRST RESULTS OF TMI-2 SUMP SAMPLES ANALYSES - ENTRY 10

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ENTRY 10

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CONTENTS

SUNNARY	1
SUMP SAMPLE ANALYSES PROCEDURES	3

TABLE

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1. TM	-2 Reactor	Building	Basement	Water	Sample	Analyses	Results	2
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SUMMARY

The first results of analysis of the TMI-2 sump samples obtained during Entry 10 on Hay 14, 1981, are presented in Table 1. The samples are from the basement water below the covered hatch in the northeast quadrant of elevation 305 in the reactor building. The samples were obtained prior to Bechtel's largescale decontamination effort that occurred on the same date. Samples 1, 3, 6, and 8 were analyzed. Samples 2, 4, 5, and 7 were archived. The heights above the basement floor at which samples were collected are 84-3/4 in., 47-3/4 in., 5-3/8 in., and 0 in. The samples corresponding to these heights are 1 and 2, .3 and 4, 5 and 6, 7 and 8, respectively. Samples 7 and 8 contained bottom sludge as well as liquid; the others contained no observable insolubles. Both liquid and sludge were analyzed from Sample 8. Nuclide analyses were done for the gamma emitters: 13^7 Cs, 13^4 Cs; the beta emitter: 90Sr; the x-ray emitter: 129I; and for fissile material. The presence of 144Ce, 125Sb, and 60Co was observed also and quantitatively measured where possible. Analyses procedures used are noted in the table and described on the pages following the table.

	Sample						
	1	3	6	8			
Nuclide	(vCi/ml)	(µCi/ml)	(µCi/ml)	Slurry (µCi/ml)	Supernate (µCi/ml)	Particulate (uCi/g solids)	
54 _{Mn}	ND*	ND	ND	>2 E-04 ^a	NA**	ND	
⁶⁰ Co	>6 E-04 ^a	>3 E-03 ^a	>2 E-03 ^a	>8 E-04 ^a	NA	1.7 <u>+</u> 0.2 E+01 ^b	
⁹⁰ Sr	5.0 <u>+</u> 0.2 E+00 ^C	5.4 + 0.2 E+00 ^C	5.2 + 0.2 E+00 ^C	NA	NA	8 <u>+</u> 2 E+02 ^d	
⁹⁰ Sr	5.4 \pm 0.5 E+00 ^e	5.2 + 0.5 E+00 ^e	5.1 <u>+</u> 0.5 E+00 ^e	NA	5.3 \pm 0.5 E+00 ^f	7.8 <u>+</u> 0.8 E+02 ^g	
106 _{Ru}	ND	ND	ND	>4 E-04 ^a	NA	ND	
125 _{Sb}	>3 E-02 ^a	>3 E-02 ^a	>3 E-02 ^a	>5 E-02 ^a	NA	4.5 <u>+</u> 0.2 E+02 ^b	
29 ₁	5.5 <u>+</u> 0.7 E-06 ^h	5.4 <u>+</u> 0.7 E-06 ^h	3.8 <u>+</u> 0.5 E-06 ^h	NA	2.5 <u>+</u> 0.5 E-06 ¹	NA	
³⁴ Cs	1.85 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+01 ^j	1.84 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+01 ^j	1.86 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+01 ^j	1.87 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+01 ^j	NA	1.79 <u>+</u> 0.04 E+02	
³⁷ Cs	1.43 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+02 ^j	$1.42 + 0.01 + 02^{j}$	1.43 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+02 ^j	1.44 <u>+</u> 0.01 E+ 02^j	NA	1.29 + 0.01 E+03	
¹⁴⁴ Ce	ND	ND	ND	>8 E-03 ^a	NA	7.6 <u>+</u> 0.6 E+01 ^b	
	(µg/ml)	(µg/ml)	(µg/ml)	(µg/ml)	(µg/ml)	(mg/g_solids)	
35 39 _{Pu}	<1 E-02 ^k	<1 E-02 ^k	<1 E-02 ^k	NA	NA	8.8 <u>+</u> 0.9 E-02 ¹	
38 _{Pu}	4 <u>+</u> 1 E-08 ^m	NA	NA	5 <u>+</u> 1 E-07 ^m	NA	5 <u>+</u> 1 E-07 ⁿ	
³⁹ Pu	2.2 + 0.7 E-04 ^m	NA	NA	$2.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ E-03}^{\text{m}}$	NA	2.9 <u>+</u> 0.6 E-03 ⁿ	

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TABLE 1. TMI-2 REACTOR BUILDING BASEMENT WATER SAMPLE ANALYSES RESULTS⁽¹⁾

(1) Concentrations as of 6-1-81.

***ND** = not detected

Superscripts a through n refer to analyses procedures which are described on the following pages.

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SUMP SAMPLES ANALYSES PROCEDURES

- a. 1 ml aliquot of sample withdrawn. 5 mg Fe and 5 mg Cs added. 1 ml HNO_3 added. Diluted to 30 ml. NH_4OH added to precipitate $Fe(OH)_3$. Centrifuged and supernate discarded. Dissolved $Fe(OH)_3$ in 1 ml HNO_3 . Diluted to 30 ml. Repeated $Fe(OH)_3$ precipitation and discarded supernate three times. Dissolved $Fe(OH)_3$ in 1 ml HNO_3 and diluted to 5.0 ml. 100 λ withdrawn and dried for counting as point source on Ge(Li) spectrometer. Concentrations are reported as > ("greater thans") because of unknown losses in the discarded supernates.
- b. 5 ml of sample filtered through 0.45_{ν} filter. Dissolved filter in HNO₃, HCl, HF. Diluted to 5 ml. 0.5 ml aliquot dried and counted as point source with Ge(Li) spectrometer.
- c. Precipitated $Sr_3(PO_4)_2$. Dissolved in HNO₃. Precipitated $Sr(NO_3)_2$ with fuming HNO₃. Dissolved in 5 ml H₂O. Repeated precip w/fuming three times. 5 mg Fe added. NH₄OH added to precipitate Fe(OH)₃. Filtered solution and discarded Fe(OH)₃ precipitate. Added NA₂CO₃ and precipitated SrCO₃. Counted on end-window gas flow proportional counter.
- d. 5 ml of sample filtered through 0.45μ filter. Filter dried and weighed to determine mass of solids. Filter dissolved in HNO₃ + HCl + HF + HClO₄. HF, HCl, and most HClO₄ fumed off. 2 ml HNO₃ heated to boiling. Diluted to 10 ml. 50 λ and 100 λ withdrawn for analyses. Analyses performed as described in paragraph c.
- e. Extracted Sr from pH 3.5 sample solution using 4, 4'(5')-di-tertbutylbenzo-24-crown-8 complexing agent. Stripped Sr from extractant with an equal volume of 0.5 <u>M</u> HNO₃. Added 10 mg Sr carrier. Precipitated SrCO₃ with Na₂CO₃. Washed twice with 0.2 <u>M</u> Na₂CO₃. Dissolved in 0.5 <u>M</u> HNO₃ and diluted to 5 ml. Added 10 ml of "Instagel" scintillation cocktail and counted on beta scintillation spectrometer.

3

- f. An aliquot of sample supernate was withdrawn and the analysis procedure of paragraph e was followed.
- 9. 5 ml of slurry was filtered. Filter dried and weighed to determine mass of solids. Filter dissolved in 10 ml HNO₃ + HClO₄ + HF. 0.5 ml aliquot withdrawn and the analysis procedure of paragraph e was followed.
- h. Sample aliquot was analyzed via ${}^{129}I(n,\gamma){}^{130}I$ reaction with an ${}^{129}I$ standard activated concurrently.
- i. An aliquot of sample supernate was withdrawn and passed through anion exchange column. Iodine was then washed from column. ^{125}I tracer used for process yield. Elluent analyzed via $^{129}I(n,\gamma)^{130}I$ reaction with standard activated concurrently.
- j. 100 λ of sample evaporated to a point source and counted on Ge(Li) spectrometer.
- k. Aliquot of sample analyzed via delayed fission neutron technique. Neutron counter calibrated only with 235 U and therefore mass concentration reported as 235 U equivalent. Technique detection limit = 10 ng/ml 235 U.
- Aliquot of a well-shaken slurry was analyzed via delayed fission neutron technique. Sample aliquot filtered through 0.45µ filter, dried, and weighed to determine mass of solids.
- m. Pu separated from 1 ml aliquot of sample. Separated Pu counted on alpha spectrometer. Pu-239 concentration calculated using ORIGEN generated Pu-239 to Pu-240 ratio and spectral count data.
- n. Analyzed as described in paragraph m. Concentration on mass basis calculated using average measured solids mass concentration of slurry, which was 0.9 mg solid per ml slurry.

4

